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Oracle und LDAP

Zugriff auf LDAP-Daten
aus einer Oracle-DB

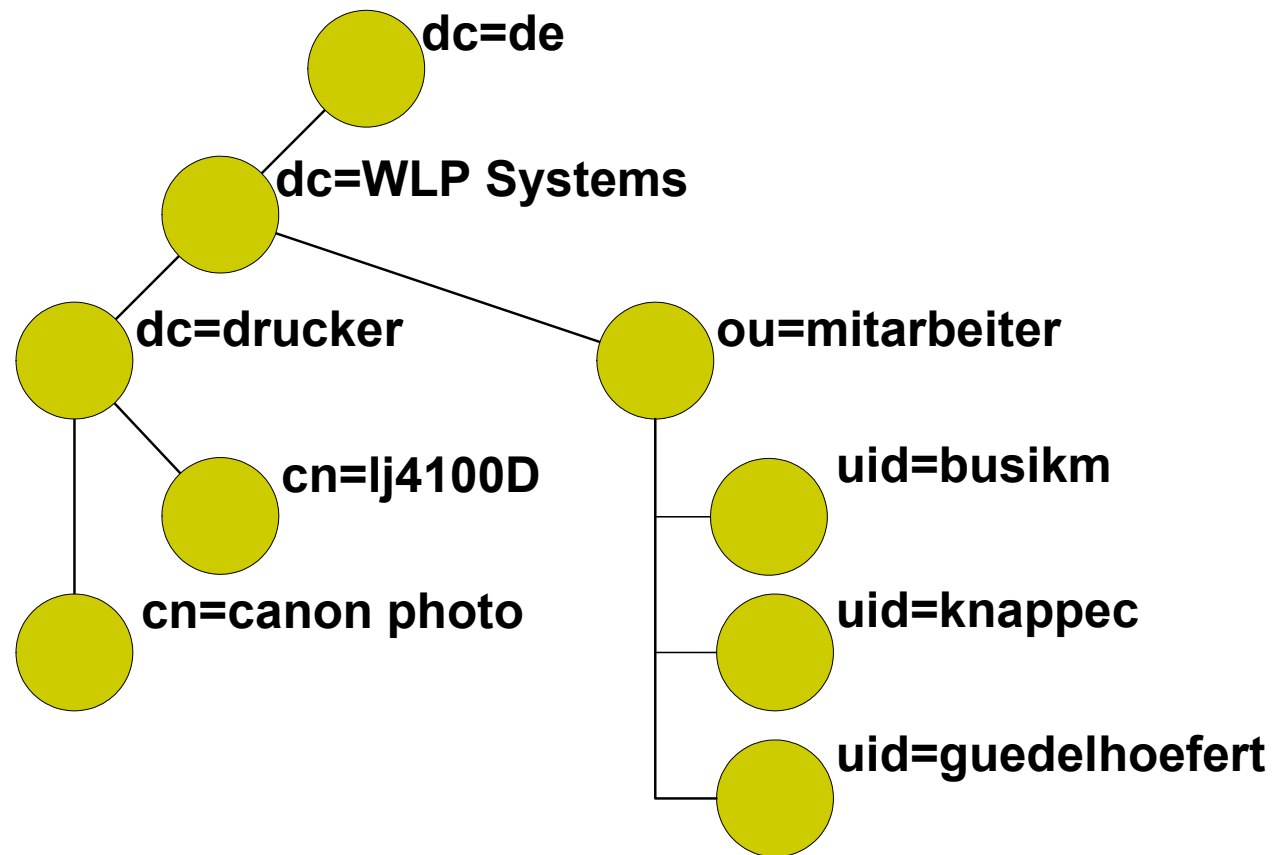
Martin Busik

busik@wlp-systems.de



Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

LDAP

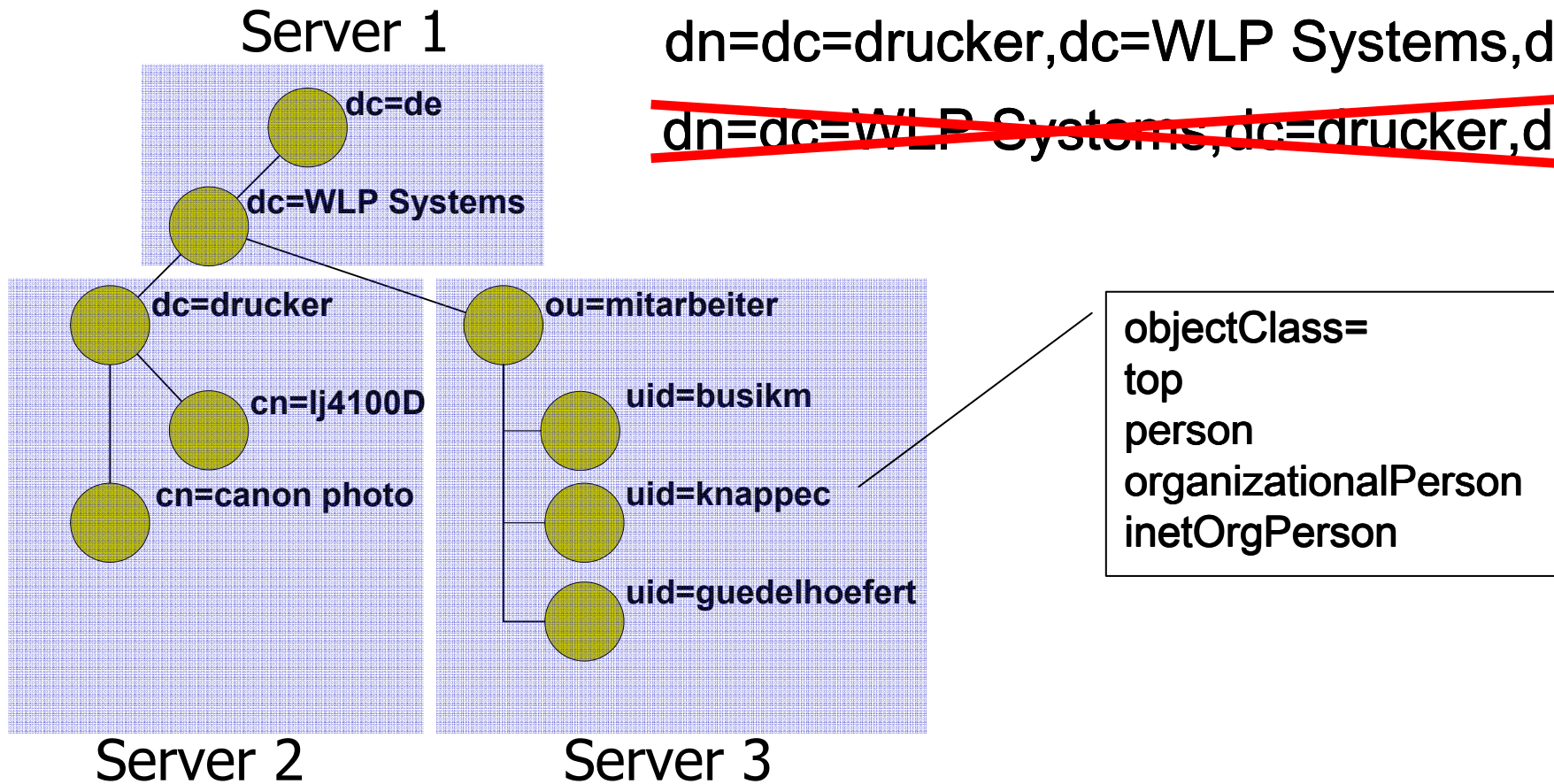


SQL-Zugriff

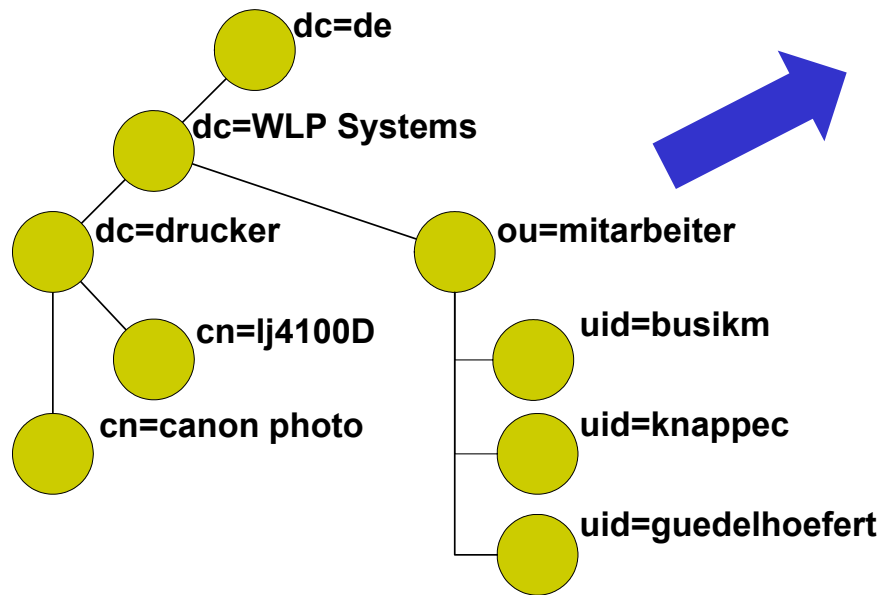
```
select per_nachname,per_vorname,per_email  
from v_ldap_person
```

```
create view v_ldap_person as  
select * from table(ldap_person.do_select)
```

Daten in LDAP



Transformation in tabellarische Struktur



nachname	vorname	email	uid
Busik	Martin	busik@	501
Knappe	Chris	knappe@	502
Eberle	Vincent	eberle@	503

Multivalue-Attribute?!

Formulierung der Filterbedingungen

objectclass=*

(&(obj

(!(sn=

(dn=*

TIPP:

Testen Sie die Filterausdrücke mit dem Kommandozeilentool **ldapsearch**

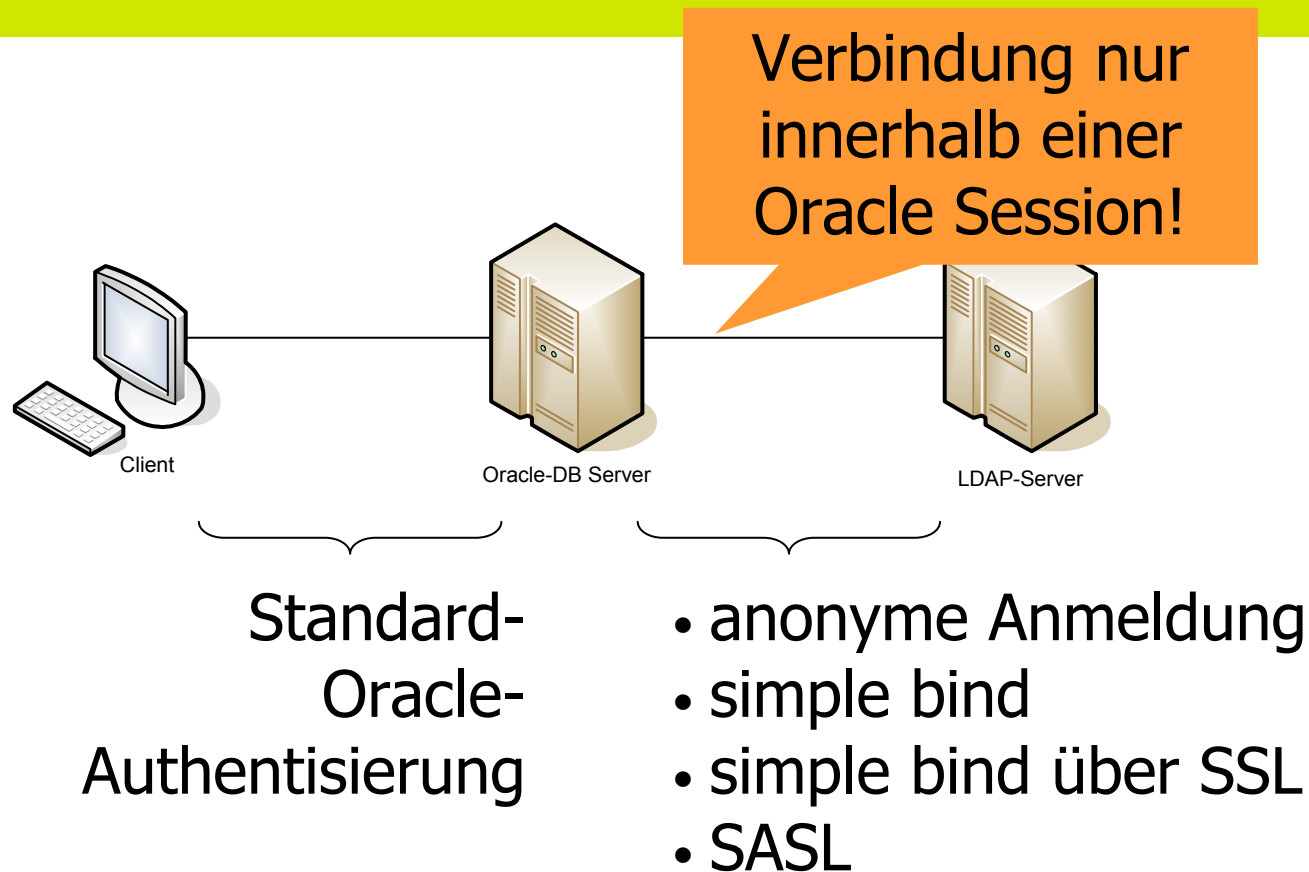
Attributdefinition!

itive-

?

nition!

LDAP - Authentisierung



Zugriff mittels PL/SQL - Datentypen

```
create type t_ldap_person as object (  
    << einzelne Felder >> )  
create type t_ldap_person_table as table of  
    t_ldap_person  
create function    do_select ()  
    return    t_ldap_person_table  
select * from table(do_select)
```

Implementierung der Function

```
create function do_select () return  
  t_ldap_person_table pipelined  
while loc_entry is not null loop  
  << transformation >>  
  pipe row(loc_person)  
end loop  
return
```

Update der LDAP-Daten durch PL/SQL oder gar SQL?

procedure do_update(...)

instead of trigger



Transaktion-
kontext?
Rollback?

Fazit

Einsatzgebiete:

- (SQL-) Reports
- Migrationsszenarien

Alternativen:

- Batch-Jobs (ldapsearch/sql*imp/perl)
- andere Architekturansätze

Vielen Dank für Ihr Interesse

Martin Busik

WLP Systems GmbH
Alter Teichweg 25a, 22081 Hamburg

Telefon: 040 – 188 81 17 – 0

E-Mail: busik@wlp-systems.de

Internet: www.wlp-systems.de

Quellcode [1] - Objekttypen

```
create type t_ldap_person as object (  
    -- inetOrgPerson Attribute  
    per_abteilung      varchar2(32), -- departmentNumber  
    per_display_name  varchar2(1024), -- displayName  
    per_mitarbeiter_nr varchar2(32), -- employeeNumber  
    per_vorname       varchar2(100), -- givenName  
    per_initialien    varchar2(32), -- initials  
    per_email1        varchar2(256), -- mail  
    per_email2        varchar2(256), -- mail  
    -- nicht implementiert: manager (DN, auch mehrere)  
    per_mobil_nr1     varchar2(32), -- mobile  
    per_mobil_nr2     varchar2(32), -- mobile  
    per_uid           varchar2(256), -- uid  
    -- attr. von organizationalPerson  
    per_titel         varchar2(100), -- title  
    per_tel_nr1       varchar2(32), -- telephoneNumber  
    per_tel_nr2       varchar2(32), -- telephoneNumber  
    per_fax_nr        varchar2(32), -- facsimileTelephoneNumber  
    -- attr. von person  
    per_nachname      varchar2(100), -- sn (must)  
    per_login         varchar2(100), -- cn (must)  
    per_crea_date     date           -- createTimestamp (operational Attribute)  
)  
create type t_ldap_person_table as table of t_ldap_person
```

Quellcode [2] – package header

```
create or replace package ldap_person as
  -- $Id: $
  -- (c) 2007 Martin Busik, WLP Systems GmbH
  --
  -- Verbindungsdaten
  --
  CONST_LDAP_HOST      constant varchar2(100) := 'localhost';
  CONST_LDAP_PORT      constant varchar2(100) := '389';
  CONST_LDAP_USER      constant varchar2(256) := 'cn=root,dc=busik,dc=de';
  CONST_LDAP_PASSWD    constant varchar2(256) := 'secret';
  --
  -- Default-Selektionskriterien
  --
  CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_BASE constant varchar2(4096) :=
    'ou=wlps,dc=busik,dc=de';
  CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_FILTER constant varchar2(4096) :=
    '(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)';
  CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_SCOPE constant number := DBMS_LDAP.SCOPE_ONELEVEL;
```

Quellcode [3] – package header

```
--
-- Attributnamen
--
ATTR_DEPARTMENTNUMBER      constant varchar2(32) := 'departmentNumber';
ATTR_DISPLAYNAME           constant varchar2(32) := 'displayName';
ATTR_EMPLOYEENUMBER        constant varchar2(32) := 'employeeNumber';
ATTR_GIVENNAME             constant varchar2(32) := 'givenName';
ATTR_INITIALS              constant varchar2(32) := 'initials';
ATTR_MAIL                  constant varchar2(32) := 'mail';
ATTR_MOBILE                constant varchar2(32) := 'mobile';
ATTR_UID                   constant varchar2(32) := 'uid';
ATTR_TITLE                 constant varchar2(32) := 'title';
ATTR_TELEPHONENUMBER       constant varchar2(32) := 'telephoneNumber';
ATTR_FACSIMILETELEPHONENUMBER constant varchar2(32) := 'facsimileTelephoneNumber';
ATTR_SN                    constant varchar2(32) := 'sn';
ATTR_CN                    constant varchar2(32) := 'cn';
ATTR_CREATETIMESTAMP       constant varchar2(32) := 'createTimestamp';
--
--
-- Die Hauptfunktion - das eigentliche holen der Daten.
--
function do_select (
    in_filter varchar2 default CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_FILTER,
    in_base   varchar2 default CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_BASE
)
return t_ldap_person_table
pipelined;
--
END;
/
```

Quellcode [4] package body

```
create or replace package body ldap_person as
--
-- $Id: $
-- (c) 2007 Martin Busik, WLP Systems GmbH
--
--
function new_person
return t_ldap_person
is
begin
    return t_ldap_person(
        null,null,null,null,null,
        null,null,null,null,null,
        null,null,null,null,null,
        null,null );
end;
```

Quellcode [5] – package body

```
--  
-- liefert die Attribute, deren Werte der LDAP-Server  
-- zurückliefern soll (a la select-liste in SQL)  
--  
function get_attributes  
return DBMS_LDAP.string_collection  
is  
    loc_attrs          DBMS_LDAP.string_collection;  
begin  
    loc_attrs(1)      := ATTR_DEPARTMENTNUMBER;  
    loc_attrs(2)      := ATTR_DISPLAYNAME;  
    loc_attrs(3)      := ATTR_EMPLOYEENUMBER;  
    loc_attrs(4)      := ATTR_GIVENNAME;  
    loc_attrs(5)      := ATTR_INITIALS;  
    loc_attrs(6)      := ATTR_MAIL;  
    loc_attrs(7)      := ATTR_MOBILE;  
    loc_attrs(8)      := ATTR_UID;  
    loc_attrs(9)      := ATTR_TITLE;  
    loc_attrs(10)     := ATTR_TELEPHONENUMBER;  
    loc_attrs(11)     := ATTR_FACSIMILETELEPHONENUMBER;  
    loc_attrs(12)     := ATTR_SN;  
    loc_attrs(13)     := ATTR_CN;  
    loc_attrs(14)     := ATTR_CREATETIMESTAMP;  
    return loc_attrs;  
end; -- get_attributes;
```

Quellcode [6] – package body

```
--
-- Diese Prozedur enthält das Mapping der LDAP-Attribute auf die Felder
-- im T_LDAP_PERSON Typ.
-- Ebenfalls hier erfolgt die Behandlung von multivalue-Attributen
--
procedure person_setters (
    in_session  DBMS_LDAP.session,
    out_person  in out t_ldap_person,
    in_entry    DBMS_LDAP.message
) is
    loc_attrname  varchar2(256);
    loc_ber_element DBMS_LDAP.ber_element;
    --
    -- lokale Funktion/getter. Liefert eine Collection
    -- aller Werte zum geg. Attribut
    --
    function get_values(in_attrname varchar2)
    return DBMS_LDAP.string_collection
    is
        loc_result DBMS_LDAP.string_collection;
    begin
        loc_result := DBMS_LDAP.get_values (
            ld      => in_session,
            ldapentry => in_entry,
            attr    => in_attrname);
        return loc_result;
    end;
```

Quellcode [7] – package body

```
--  
-- lokale Funktion/getter. Liefert den ersten  
-- (falls Attribut multivalue) oder einzigen  
-- Inhalt des Attributes  
--  
function get_first_value(in_attrname varchar2)  
return varchar2  
is  
    loc_result  varchar2(4096) := null;  
    loc_vals    DBMS_LDAP.string_collection;  
begin  
    loc_vals := DBMS_LDAP.get_values (  
        ld      => in_session,  
        ldapentry => in_entry,  
        attr    => in_attrname);  
    if loc_vals is not null and loc_vals.count > 0  
    then  
        loc_result := loc_vals(loc_vals.first);  
    end if;  
    return loc_result;  
end;
```

Quellcode [8] – package body

```
-- lokale Prozedur/setter. Setzt das entsprechende Feld
-- im t_ldap_person. Wird für Attribute bzw. Felder
-- verwendet, bei denen ein 1:1 Mapping erfolgt
--
procedure scalar_set(in_attrname varchar2, in_value varchar2)
is
begin
    case in_attrname
        when ATTR_DEPARTMENTNUMBER then out_person.per_abteilung := in_value;
        when ATTR_DISPLAYNAME then out_person.per_display_name := in_value;
        when ATTR_EMPLOYEEENUMBER then out_person.per_mitarbeiter_nr := in_value;
        when ATTR_GIVENNAME then out_person.per_vorname := in_value;
        when ATTR_INITIALS then out_person.per_initialien := in_value;
        when ATTR_UID then out_person.per_uid := in_value;
        when ATTR_TITLE then out_person.per_titel := in_value;
        when ATTR_FACSIMILETELEPHONENUMBER then out_person.per_fax_nr := in_value;
        when ATTR_SN then out_person.per_nachname := in_value;
        when ATTR_CN then out_person.per_login := in_value;
        else
            dbms_output.put_line('UNKNOWN MAPPING FOR: '||in_attrname);
        end case;
    end;
```

Quellcode [9] – package body

```
--
-- lokale Prozedur/setter. Setzt mehrere Felder
-- von t_ldap_person durch Werte aus einer Multivalue-Collection
--
procedure multifield_setter (
    in_values DBMS_LDAP.string_collection,
    out_field1 out varchar2,
    out_field2 out varchar2
) is
begin
    if in_values is not null and in_values.count > 0
    then
        out_field1 := in_values(in_values.first);
        --
        if in_values.count > 1
        then
            out_field2 := in_values(in_values.next(in_values.first));
        end if;
    end if;
end;
--
```

Quellcode [10] – package body

```
begin
  loc_attrname := DBMS_LDAP.first_attribute(
    ld      => in_session,
    ldapentry => in_entry,
    ber_elem => loc_ber_element);

  --
  while loc_attrname IS NOT NULL
  loop
    case loc_attrname
      when ATTR_MAIL then
        multifield_setter(get_values(loc_attrname),
          out_person.per_email1,out_person.per_email2);
      when ATTR_MOBILE then
        multifield_setter(get_values(loc_attrname),
          out_person.per_mobil_nr1, out_person.per_mobil_nr2);
      when ATTR_TELEPHONENUMBER then
        multifield_setter(get_values(loc_attrname),
          out_person.per_tel_nr1, out_person.per_tel_nr2);
      when ATTR_CREATETIMESTAMP then
        out_person.per_crea_date :=
          to_date(substr(get_first_value(loc_attrname),1,14),'YYYYMMDDHH24MISS');
      else
        scalar_set(loc_attrname,get_first_value(loc_attrname));
    end case;
  loop;
  --
```

Quellcode [11] – package body

```
--  
-- Iteration über alle (gelieferten) Attribute  
--  
loc_attrname := DBMS_LDAP.next_attribute(  
    ld          => in_session,  
    ldapentry  => in_entry,  
    ber_elem   => loc_ber_element);  
end loop;  
end;
```

Quellcode [12] – package body

```
--
-- Hauptfunktion
--   in_filter - ein gültiges Filterkriterium. Default siehe package header
--   in_base   - Startpunkt für die Suche, Default siehe package header
--
-- Rückgabewert:
--   liefert eine Tabelle von t_ldap_person Sätzen als Ergebnis der
--   LDAP-Suche
--
function    do_select (
    in_filter varchar2 default CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_FILTER,
    in_base   varchar2 default CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_BASE
)
return      t_ldap_person_table
pipelined
is
    loc_person      t_ldap_person;
    loc_retval      PLS_INTEGER;
    loc_session     DBMS_LDAP.session;
    loc_message     DBMS_LDAP.message;
    loc_entry       DBMS_LDAP.message;
begin
    --
    -- im Fehlerfall soll das LDAP-Package eine Exception werfen
    --
    DBMS_LDAP.USE_EXCEPTION := TRUE;
```

Quellcode [13] – package body

```
--
-- Connect
--
loc_session := DBMS_LDAP.init(hostname => CONST_LDAP_HOST,
                             portnum  => CONST_LDAP_PORT);
loc_retval  := DBMS_LDAP.simple_bind_s(ld      => loc_session,
                                       dn       => CONST_LDAP_USER,
                                       passwd  => CONST_LDAP_PASSWD);
--
-- LDAP unterstützt auch eine anonyme Anmeldung, diese würde
-- wie folgt aufgebaut werden:
--
-- loc_retval := DBMS_LDAP.simple_bind_s(ld => loc_session,
--                                       dn => null,passwd => null);
--
-- Suche
--
loc_retval := DBMS_LDAP.search_s(
    ld      => loc_session,
    base    => in_base,
    scope   => CONST_LDAP_DEFAULT_SCOPE,
    filter  => in_filter,
    attrs   => get_attributes,
    attronly => 0,
    res     => loc_message);
```

Quellcode [14] – package body

```
if loc_retval = DBMS_LDAP.SUCCESS and loc_message is not null
then
    loc_entry := DBMS_LDAP.first_entry(ld => loc_session,
                                      msg => loc_message);

    while loc_entry IS NOT NULL
    loop
        loc_person := new_person;
        person_setters(loc_session,loc_person,loc_entry);
        --
        -- Einen Satz (=t_ldap_person) zurückgeben
        --
        pipe row(loc_person);
        --
        -- Iteration über alle Treffer
        --
        loc_entry := DBMS_LDAP.next_entry(ld => loc_session,
                                         msg => loc_entry);

    end loop;
end if;
--
-- disconnect
--
loc_retval := DBMS_LDAP.unbind_s(ld => loc_session);
return;
end; -- function select
```

Quellcode [15] – package body

```
--  
end; -- package body  
/  
  
show errors package body ldap_person  
  
-- debugging/Verwendung  
-- set pagesize 100  
-- select * from table(ldap_person.do_select);  
-- select per_nachname,per_email1,per_email2,per_crea_date,per_login from table(ldap_person.do_select);  
select per_nachname,per_email1,per_email2,per_crea_date,per_login from table(ldap_person.do_select('mail=*busik.de'));
```